

R307. Environmental Quality, Air Quality.

R307-349. Flat Wood Panel Coatings.

R307-349-1. Purpose.

The purpose of R307-349 is to limit volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from flat wood paneling coating sources.

R307-349-2. Applicability.

~~[— R307-349 applies to flat wood paneling coating operations, including related cleaning activities, that have the potential to emit 2.7 tons per year of VOC and that are located in Box Elder, Cache, Davis, Salt Lake, Tooele, Utah, and Weber counties.—]~~

(1) R307-349 applies to sources located in Cache, Davis, Salt Lake, Utah and Weber counties that have the potential to emit 2.7 tons per year or more of VOC, including related cleaning activities.

(2) In Box Elder and Tooele counties, R307-349 applies to the following sources:

(a) Existing sources as of February 1, 2013 with the potential to emit 5 tons per year or more of VOC, including related cleaning activities; and

(b) New sources as of February 1, 2013 that have the potential to emit 2.7 tons per year or more of VOC, including related cleaning activities.

R307-349-3. Definitions.

The following additional definitions apply to R307-349:

"Coating" means a protective, decorative, or functional material applied in a thin layer to a surface. Such materials may include paints, topcoats, varnishes, sealers, stains, washcoats, basecoats, inks, and temporary protective coatings.

"Finishing material" means a coating used in the flat wood panel industry, including basecoats, stains, washcoats, sealers, and topcoats.

"Flat wood paneling" means wood paneling products that are any decorative interior, exterior or tileboard (class I hardboard) panel to which a protective, decorative, or functional material or layer has been applied.

"Sealer" means a finishing material used to seal the pores of a wood substrate before additional coats of finishing material are applied. A washcoat used to optimize aesthetics is not a sealer.

"Strippable booth coating" means a coating that is applied to a booth wall to provide a protective film to receive overspray during finishing and that is subsequently peeled and disposed. Strippable booth coatings are intended to reduce or eliminate the need to use organic solvents to clean booth walls.

"Tileboard" means a premium interior wall paneling product made of hardboard that meets the specifications for Class I given by the standard ANSI/AHA A135.4-1995.

R307-349-4. Emission Standards.

(1) Each owner or operator shall not apply coatings with a VOC content in excess of 2.1 pounds of VOC per gallon, excluding water and exempt solvents (compounds not classified as VOC). The equivalent emission limit shall be 2.9 pounds VOCs per gallon solids coating; or

(2) Each owner or operator shall use an add-on control device as specified in R307-349-6.

R307-349-5. Work Practice and Recordkeeping.

- (1) The owner or operator shall:
- (a) Store all VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers;
 - (b) Minimize spills of VOC-containing coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials;
 - (c) Clean up spills immediately;
 - (d) Convey any coatings, thinners, and cleaning materials in closed containers or pipes;
 - (e) Close mixing vessels that contain VOC coatings and other materials except when specifically in use; and
 - (f) Minimize usage of solvents during cleaning of storage, mixing, and conveying of equipment.

(2) No person shall apply any coating unless the coating application method achieves a demonstrated 65% transfer efficiency. The following applications achieve a minimum of 65% transfer efficiency and shall be operated in accordance with the manufacturers specifications:

- (a) Paint brush;
- (b) Flow coat;
- (c) Roll coat;
- (d) Dip coat;
- (e) Detailing or touch-up guns;
- (e) High-volume, low-pressure (HVLV) spray;
- (f) Hand application methods; or
- (g) Other application method capable of achieving at least 65% transfer efficiency, as certified by the manufacturer.

(3) No person shall use organic solvents for cleaning operations that exceed a VOC content of 0.21 pounds per gallon and a strippable booth coating with a VOC content in excess of 3.8 pounds per gallon, excluding water and exempt solvents (compounds that are not defined as VOC).

([2]4) [The owner or operator shall maintain records from the manufacturer that demonstrate compliance with the emission standards of R307-348-4.] All sources subject to R307-349 shall maintain records demonstrating compliance with all provisions of R307-349 on an annual basis.

(a) Records should include, but not be limited to, inventory and products data sheets of all coatings and solvents subject to R307-349.

(b) These records shall be available to the Director upon request.

R307-349-6. Optional Add-On Controls.

(1) The owner or operator may install and maintain an incinerator, carbon adsorption, or any other add-on emission control device, provided that the emission control device will attain at least 90% efficiency performance.

(2) The owner or operator of a control device shall provide [certification from the manufacturer that the emission control system will attain required efficiency performance] documentation that the

emission control system will attain the requirements of R307-349-6.

(3) Emission control systems shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer recommendations. The owner or operator shall maintain for a minimum of two years records of operating and maintenance sufficient to demonstrate that the equipment is being operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer recommendations.

R307-349-7. Compliance Schedule.

(1) All sources in Davis and Salt Lake counties are subject to this rule as of the effective date of this rule.

(2) Sources in Box Elder, Cache, Tooele, Utah and Weber counties shall be in compliance with this rule by January 1, 2014.

KEY: air pollution, emission controls, flat wood paneling, coating

Date of Enactment or Last Substantive Amendment: 2013

Notice of Continuation:

Authorizing, and Implemented or Interpreted Law: 19-2-104(1)(a)